



Republic of the Philippines
Province of Surigao del Sur
MUNICIPALITY OF CARMEN

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY TO THE SANGGUNIANG BAYAN

June 23, 2026

THE HONORABLE VICE-GOVERNOR

AND

THE HONORABLE SANGGUNIANG PANLALAWIGAN MEMBERS



THRU: **THE SECRETARY TO THE SANGGUNIANG PANLALAWIGAN**
Tanggapan Ng Sangguniang Panlalawigan,
Capitol Hills, Tandag City,
Surigao del Sur

Sirs/ Mesdames:

Respectfully submitting to your level, **ORDINANCE NO. 66, Series of 2026** entitled "**AN ORDINANCE ESTABLISHING THE HEALTH AND SANITATION CODE OF THE MUNICIPALITY OF CARMEN, SURIGAO DEL SUR**" dated June 16, 2026.

Attached herewith is the Certificate of Posting.

For your review and favorable action.

Thank you and more power.

Very truly yours,


MA. JULINA T. BORDA- JUTILO, LLB., J.D.
Secretary to the Sangguniang Bayan



THE HONGKONG AND KOWLOON
CUSTOMS AND EXCISE DEPARTMENT
HONG KONG

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY TO THE HONGKONG AND KOWLOON CUSTOMS AND EXCISE DEPARTMENT



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Republic of the Philippines
Province of Surigao del Sur
MUNICIPALITY OF CARMEN

POSTED:

DATE: 6-22-2026

BY:

MA. JULINA B. JUTILO
SR SECRETARY

TANGGAPAN NG SANGGUNIANG BAYAN

EXCERPTS FROM THE MINUTES OF THE 46TH REGULAR SESSION OF THE 14TH SANGGUNIANG BAYAN
 OF CARMEN, SURIGAO DEL SUR HELD AT THE SB SESSION HALL, LEGISLATIVE BUILDING ON JUNE
 16, 2026

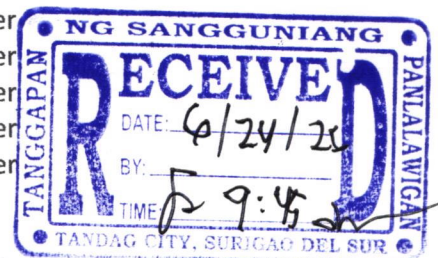
PRESENT:

REGULAR SANGGUNIANG BAYAN MEMBERS:

Hon. Carlos S. Estrada		SB Member/ Acting Municipal Vice- Mayor/ Presiding Officer
Hon. Harvey S. Manawatao		SB Member
Hon. Tanie A. Quillano		SB Member
Hon. Nilo S. Bigno		SB Member
Hon. Daniel A. Tejol		SB Member
Hon. Elvie U. Ohao		SB Member
Hon. Rencio P. Valeroso		SB Member

EX-OFFICIO MEMBER:

Hon. Blandena V. Sugian		ABC President
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ON OFFICIAL BUSINESS:

Hon. Jane V. Plaza		Municipal Vice- Mayor
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ON LEAVE:

REGULAR SANGGUNIANG BAYAN MEMBER:

Hon. Michael C. Escuyos		SB Member
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EX-OFFICIO MEMBER:

Hon. Jeff Anthony D. Beloria		SK Federation President
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ORDINANCE NO. 66
Series of 2026

**"AN ORDINANCE ESTABLISHING THE HEALTH AND SANITATION CODE OF THE
 MUNICIPALITY OF CARMEN, SURIGAO DEL SUR"**

Author : Hon. Elvie U. Ohao

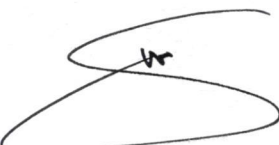
Enacted: All Members Present

EXPLANATORY NOTE

The health of the people is of paramount importance to this municipality, all efforts of public

PROVINCE OF SURIGAO DEL SUR
 Office of the Secretary to the Sangguniang Panlalawigan
 Tel. No.: 086-2115832
 Email: ossp@surigao.gov.ph
OSSP-26-05998








U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20315

RECEIPT FOR PROPERTY

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TO

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CITY
STATE
ZIP

NAME OF RECIPIENT
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DATE OF RECEIPT

TIME

RECEIVED FROM

DATE

NAME OF RECIPIENT

ADDRESS

RECEIVED FROM

DATE

FOR THE PURPOSE OF THE PROPERTY RECEIVED FROM THE DONOR, THE RECIPIENT AGREES TO HOLD THE PROPERTY IN TRUST FOR THE DONOR AND TO RETURN IT TO THE DONOR AT THE REQUEST OF THE DONOR.

NAME OF DONOR

ADDRESS

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services should be directed towards the protection and promotion of health to the constituents. Hence, this Code aims to protect and promote the right to health of the people, instill health and consciousness among them for a healthy community and environment.

BE IT ORDAINED, by the Sangguniang Bayan of Carmen, Surigao del Sur, in Regular Session assembled, that:

CHAPTER I GENERAL PROVISIONS

SECTION 1. Title- This Ordinance shall be known as the HEALTH AND SANITATION CODE OF THE MUNICIPALITY OF CARMEN, SURIGAO DEL SUR.

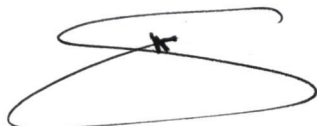
SECTION 2. Declaration of Policies- Consistent with the declared policy of the State, to safeguard life, ensure public health and safety and promote the general welfare of the people, this Health and Sanitation Code shall be the legal and policy framework for a holistic management of health and sanitation services of the municipality. It shall be primarily aimed to contribute to the promotion and attainment of a healthy community by instituting legislative measures and reforms.

SECTION 3. Definition of Terms- As used in this Code, the following words and phrases shall mean as follows:

- a. Adulterated Food- means generally, impure, unsafe or unwholesome food.
- b. Agricultural Products- include the yield of the soil such as but not limited to corn, rice, wheat, rye, hay, coconuts, sugarcane, tobacco, root crops, vegetables and fruits and their by- products; ordinary salt, sugar, honey, all kinds of fish, poultry. Livestock and animal products, whether in their original form or preserved in a more convenient and marketable form through the simple processes of freezing, drying, salting, smoking, stripping and bottling.
- c. Apartment- means a self- contained residential unit that is part of a larger building or complex.
- d. Bakery- shall refer to a place for baking bread, cakes and the like and/ or a shop for retailing or selling the same.
- e. Bed Space- refers to a bed set in a room or in any space in the house, building or structure where any student, working person or minor rents sleeping space for a consideration payable in money, goods or services or any combination of money, goods and services.
- f. Boarding House- is a type of residential lodging where a property owner rents out individual private rooms to paying guests. Tenants typically share common kitchen, living areas and bathrooms.
- g. Burial- interment or remains in a grave, tomb or in the sea.
- h. Burial Grounds- cemetery, memorial park or any place duly designated or authorized by law for permanent disposal of the dead.
- i. Commercial Pigpen- is one which is used to house three (3) or more pigs, either for breeding purposes or for trade and commerce.
- j. Communicable Diseases- shall include any disease that maybe transferred from one person to another or from animals to person.



- k. Contagious Disease- is a subset category of infectious diseases or communicable diseases or by their secretions or objectives touched by them.
- l. Creek- shall mean and include any following rivulet or stream of water normally smaller than river and larger than a brook.
- m. Cooked Food- shall refer to all kinds of foods and drinks that are cooked and/ or mixed intended to be sold to the public such as but not limited to rice, viands, corn, ripe bananas, barbecue, log-log, lugaw, peanuts, watermelon seeds and peas, dinuguan, gulaman, fruit juice or other ready mixed drinks and the like, including slice pineapple, mango, watermelon, papaya, guava and similar fruits peeled and/ or sliced for sale.
- n. Densely Populated Areas- are an inhabited areas with at least five (5) dwellings separated from each other by not more than three (3) meters.
- o. Disinterment- the removal or exhumation of remains from places of interment.
- p. Ditch and Canal- shall mean and include any natural or manmade elongated excavations for the purpose of allowing the passage of water.
- q. Domestic Pigpen- is one where there are less than three (3) pigs irrespective of size and the purpose of which is to fatten them for personal consumption.
- r. Dry Goods and Articles- shall include but not limited to school supplies and uniforms, footwears, leather crafts, readymade dresses and clothing, kitchen wares and accessories, metal and stone crafts, handicrafts and the like.
- s. Dwelling- shall mean any building and/ or structure which wholly or partly used or intended to be used for living or sleeping by human occupants.
- t. Dwelling Units or Premises- place or residence not for business purposes.
- u. Embalming- the process of preparing, disinfecting and preserving the dead body for its final disposal.
- v. Embalmer- a person who practices embalming and is duly licensed as such by law.
- w. Emotional Environments- these are factors which affect the emotional health of students and members of the faculty.
- x. Employee- shall mean any person who handles food or drink preparation for serving or one who comes in contact with any eating or cooking utensils and is employed in a room in which food or drink is prepared or served.
- y. Estero- shall mean and include tributaries which are affected by water from river and by the tide whether natural or manmade.
- z. Food Establishment- is any business or public venue that stores, prepares, packages, serves or vends food for human consumption.
- aa. Funeral Establishment- any place used in the preparation and care of the body of a deceased person for burial.
- bb. Garbage- shall include any refuse of animals or vegetables matter for food supply that have been originally intended as human food but have been rejected or left over after such use, carrion or dead animals, dung, manure or feces, refuse offal or waste parts of butchered animals or the refuse of slaughter houses.


- cc. Health Officer- shall mean the Municipal Health Officer or his/ her authorized representative.
- dd. Homestay- is an accommodation arrangement where travelers or students pay to stay in the private home of a local resident.
- ee. Hotel- shall mean a building where transient and guest are received without stipulated engagements as to duration of stay and are provided with and charged for meals, lodging and such services and attention as necessary and incidental to the use of such place as temporary abode.
- ff. Itinerant Restaurant- shall mean a restaurant operating for a period in connection with a fair, carnival, circus, public exhibition or other similar gatherings or a traveling restaurant.
- gg. Lodging House- shall mean a building or portion thereof which is leased to be occupied as residence of one or more families for temporary period.
- hh. Nuisance- shall be anything that annoys, offends, irritates or injurious to health.
- ii. Person- shall mean any natural person, firm, corporation or association.
- jj. Physical Environments- this includes school plants, grounds and facilities.
- kk. Plaza- shall mean and include a public square, a park and/ or a plot of ground dedicated to the use of general public.
- ll. Public Areas- shall mean and include any place of government- owned and operated property dedicated to the use of the general public.
- mm. Public Laundry- means an established institution operated for commercial purposes which is open to the public.
- nn. Public Market- shall mean and include the place owned and operated by the government where people meet for the purpose of buying and/ or selling of goods, merchandise, wares and the like.
- oo. Public Road, Street and/ or Highway, Sidewalk- shall mean and include any way of whatever nature which the law makes open for the use of all who pass whether a carriage way, a thoroughfare, a bridge, a road, a pavement, road shoulder, embankment, right way, ferry, drainage structure or landscaping works.
- pp. Remains- the body of dead person.
- qq. Resort- shall mean a self- contained vacation destination that provides accommodation, dining, sports and entertainment in the premises.
- rr. River- shall mean and include any natural stream of water larger than a brook.
- ss. Room for Rent- refers to a private bedroom available for lease within a larger home or shared apartment.
- tt. Rubbish- shall include wastes or rejected materials that do not easily decay such as used papers, paste board, woven materials, abaca, broken glasses, porcelain, street sweepings and other rubbish of similar kind.
- uu. Rural Barangays- are the remote or outskirt barangays.

- vv. Sari-sari Store- is a retail wherein foods, dry goods and other articles of daily household use are being sold. This shall not include cooked foods and fresh drinks served in plates, glasses and/ or that require the use of spoons or forks.
- ww. School- means an educational institution or building designed to provide a learning environment for students to acquire knowledge, skills and values. This may be public, private or parochial.
- xx. Sidewalk Vendor- shall refer to any person or individual who sells or vends any agricultural product, food (cooked), dry goods, item or article, including any person who attends to those above-cited products which are intended to be sold, at any temporary location, sidewalk, alley, vacant space or portion thereof as may be authorized by the Municipal Mayor.
- yy. Special School- an institution which utilizes cadavers, plants, animals, bacteria and viruses for study and research.
- zz. Temporary Housing- shall mean any tent, trailer or other structure used for human shelter which is designated or treated as such and not attached to the ground or another structure or to any utility system on the same premises for more than thirty (30) days.
- aaa. Tenement- is a large multi-story building divided into separate apartments or flats for multiple families.
- bbb. Utensils- shall include any kitchenware, tableware, glassware, cutlery, utensil, container or other equipment with which food or drink comes in contact during storage, preparation or serving.
- ccc. Undertaking- the care, transport and disposal of the body of the deceased persons by any means other than embalming.
- ddd. Undertaker- any person who practices undertaking.

SECTION 4. Powers and Functions of the Health Officer- For the purpose of carrying the provisions of this Code, the Health Officer shall exercise general powers and functions as will aid him/ her in the discharge of his/ her functions and it shall be his/ her duty to enforce the provisions of this Code.

SECTION 5. Right of Entrance and Inspection- No person, after being duly notified, shall interfere with or obstruct the entrance to any house, building, vessel, vehicle or other premises, the Health Officer in the discharge of his/ her official duties, nor shall any person interfere with or obstruct the inspection, examination or vaccination of any occupant of any such house, building, vessel, vehicle or other premises by the Health Officer in the discharge of his/ her official duties.

SECTION 6. Prohibition in the Interference with the Posting of Placard and Sanitation Records- No person after he/ she has been duly notified, shall interfere with or obstruct the Health Officer in the posting of any placard in accordance with the requirements of this Code in or on any place or premises nor shall any person destroy, mutilate, remove any such placard or sanitation record. In any event, if such placard be concealed, mutilated or torn down, it shall be the duty of the occupant, owner or person in charge of the premises wherein such placard was posted to return or put to order such notice and to immediately notify the Health Officer of such fact.

CHAPTER II SANITATION MAINTENANCE IN GENERAL

SECTION 7. Premises to be Maintained in Clean and Sanitary Condition- It shall be the duty of every owner, agent or administrator, lessee, operator or person in charge of any building, place or

premises whether public or private, as well as all land vehicles to maintain the same in clean and sanitary condition satisfactory to the Health Officer. Land vehicles shall also provide and maintain clean and sanitary depository of waste materials in their vehicles.

SECTION 8. Buses- Unsanitary buses shall not be permitted to leave or arrive at their station unless such unsanitary conditions are corrected as determined and approved by the Health Officer.

SECTION 9. Vehicles- Common carriers, jeepneys, trimobles, padyaks, trisikad, multicab or any vehicle transporting passengers must always be kept clean and sanitary when plying their trade.

SECTION 10. Drivers and Conductors- Drivers and conductors of common carriers including padyaks and/ or trisikad must always wear decent clothes such as T-shirt, but never in "Sando" or without sleeves and with long pants.

CHAPTER III BUILDING SANITATION

SECTION 11. Subject to existing laws, all existing buildings, as well as buildings that may be hereafter be erected, altered, remodeled, relocated or repaired for human habitation shall be provided with adequate potable water supply, working plumbing installation and suitable water waste treatment or disposal system, as well as unimpeded storm-water drainage.

SECTION 12. Burning of Waste Matters-

- a. All burning in densely populated areas shall take place shall take place during periods prescribed by the Local Fire Department Chief.
- b. Burning in densely populated areas shall be confined to approved incinerators. Burning of combustible waste matter other than paper may however be done in the open if:
 - b1. A notice is made and permission is given by the Chief of the Fire Station.
 - b2. Such burning is done at a distance not less than eight (8) meters away from any building, structure or combustible waste matter.

SECTION 13. Offensive Smoke and Odors- No waste matter shall be burned which may cause or produce dense smoke or offensive odor.

SECTION 14. Vacated Premises- Upon vacating or abandoning any premises or lot, the occupant thereof shall remove any and all noxious and hazardous materials or waste matter which has been deposited, allowed to come to rest or permitted to accumulate thereon and such premises shall be vacated in orderly, clean and noxious- free condition.

SECTION 15. Vacant Buildings- Every person owning or in charge or exercises control of any vacant building shall remove therefrom all accumulation of flammable or combustible waste matter or rubbish and shall securely lock, barricade or otherwise secure all doors, windows, walls and other openings thereof.

SECTION 16. Water Supply System-

- a. Whenever available, the potable water requirements of a building used for human habitation shall be supplied from existing municipal water work system.
- b. The quality of water drinking from meteoric surface or underground sources shall conform to the criteria set in the latest approved National standards for drinking water.
- c. The design, construction and operation of deep wells for the extraction of underground water shall be subject to the provisions the Water Code of the Philippines.



- d. The design, construction and operation of independent waterworks system of private housing subdivisions shall be subject to the Water Code of the Philippines.
- e. The piping installations inside the building premises shall conform to the provisions of the National Plumbing Code.

SECTION 17. Waste Water Disposal System-

- a. Sanitary sewage from buildings and neutralized or pre-treated industrial waste water shall be discharged directly into the nearest sanitary sewer of the existing Municipal Sanitary Sewerage System in accordance with the criteria set by in the Code of Sanitation and National Pollution Control Commission.
- b. All buildings located in areas where there is no available sewerage system shall dispose their sewerage on septic tanks and sub- surface absorption fields.
- c. Sanitary and industrial plumbing installation inside buildings and premises shall conform to the provisions of the National Plumbing Code.

SECTION 18. Pest and Vermin Control-

- a. All buildings with or of hollow and/ or wood construction shall be provided with rat-proofing.
- b. Garbage bins and receptacles shall be provided with ready means for cleaning and with cover protection against entry of pests.
- c. Dining rooms for public use without artificial ventilation shall be properly provided with screens to prevent the passage of pests, insects and vermin.

SECTION 19. Noise Pollution Control- Industrial establishments shall be provided with positive noise abatement devices to tone down the noise level emanating from equipment and machineries to acceptable limits set down by the Department of Labor and the National Pollution Control Commission.

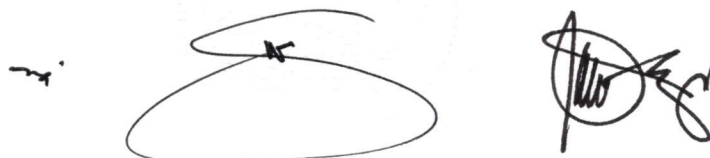
SECTION 20. Piping Materials- All piping materials used or to be used on buildings shall conform to the standard specifications of the Philippine Standard Council.

SECTION 21. Proper Natural Lighting and Ventilation of Buildings- Every building shall be constructed so as to secure and maximize the proper use of natural light and ventilation for the occupants thereof.

SECTION 22. Habitability of Buildings- No house building of any character or material shall be used for habitation or as place of work unless such house or building has been found sanitary and suitable for the specific use thereof by the Health Officer.

SECTION 23. Height of Rooms- The height of rooms for dwelling purposes shall not be less than three (3) meters with the exception of open spaces such as porches and balconies. Toilets and bathrooms with bamboo floor with height of 2.50 meters may allowed.

SECTION 24. Height of Ground Floor- Unless constructed on earth, gravel, or sand fill, the minimum distance between the finished grade line and the bottom of the fill or joint of a building intended for human habitation shall be 75 centimeters. If the clearance between the floor and the ground is surrounded by masonry walls, this shall be ventilated by means of air brackets or air opening protected by suitable screens to prevent the passage of rodents.

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SECTION 25. Mezzanine Floors- Intermediate floors constructed in the vertical space between existing floors are called mezzanine floors. Such floors shall be limited in area to not more than one half (1/2) of the floors are called mezzanine floors. Such floors shall be limited in area to not more than one-half (1/2) of the floor area of the room in which it is constructed, and shall have a space of not less than two and a half (2 ½) meters from the adjacent floor below and not less than one and half (1 ½) meters from the ceiling. The space above such mezzanine floor shall not be included in the computation of the prescribed height of a room from the floor.

SECTION 26. Building Located on Unsanitary Sites- No building or structure shall be used as a place for human habitation which is erected on a lot that is located or had been filed-in with dangerous and unsanitary refuse or garbage, or other substances which may have unfavorable effect upon the public. Whenever the Health Officer shall declare that any site is unhealthy for reasons of lack of surface drainage or building shall be erected in such site until the defect or unhealthful conditions shall have been properly removed or corrected and finally and approved and certified by the Health Officer as fit for human habitation.

SECTION 27. Building Considered Unsafe for Human Habitation- Whenever the Health Officer finds that a certain building is unsanitary or in such a poor structural condition as to endanger the health, life and limbs of the occupants, the Health Officer shall notify the Building Officer so that proper inspection may be taken for the purpose of determining whether the building should be declared unsafe for human habitation, who shall, in turn, make the determination of whether the SAME should be declared condemned. If, so declared by the entity concerned, proper legal procedure shall be made by said building official against the owner for the demolition or repair of the building affected.

SECTION 28. Sanitary Facilities of Building Before Occupancy- No dwelling house, building or place of business, or portions thereof, whether newly constructed repaired or added, shall be occupied or inhabited until the sanitary facilities such as toilets, plumbing, lighting, ventilation, sewerage, and drainage for the same are completed and approved by the Health Officer.

SECTION 29. Annoying Sounds Near Hospitals or School Buildings- No internal combustion engine, motor, steam engine or any installation which may produce annoying sounds shall be permitted to be installed and/or operated within one hundred (100) meters from the nearest school building and two hundred (200) meters from the nearest hospital.

SECTION 30. Windows- All buildings intended for human habitation shall be provided with at least one window opening directly to the external open air. The total area of the widows shall not be less than one-tenth (1/10) of the total floor area of the room for which the window is provided.

SECTION 31. Air Space for Rooms- Unless otherwise specified in other sections of this CODE, the number of persons occupying an ordinary room shall be limited so as to provide ample air space for such occupants, and which space shall be in no case less than (14) cubic meters for each occupant; and, except when provided with an adequate means of artificial ventilation satisfactory to the Health Officer, living room, office or workshop shall contain not less than nine (9) square meters of floor space.

CHAPTER IV WATER SUPPLY

SECTION 32. Sanitary Permit- No public water supply shall be constructed nor a well- intended for human consumption and public use shall be sunk in any place without a sanitary permit from the Health Officer.

SECTION 33. Sampling of Water- No new source of public water supply shall be placed in the service for consumption until a sample of water from such source has been collected by the Health Officer, examined in approved laboratory, and found to be safe and certified in writing as such for human consumption.




SECTION 34. Disinfection of Wells, Spring Basin, Water Mains and Reservoirs- No new recently repaired pump well or water system used as a source of public water supply, nor any pipe or structure through which water is delivered to customers, shall be placed in use without first being examined and approved as safe and sanitary, and the water from which are subsequently treated or purified.

SECTION 35. Washing or Bathing Near Pump Wells or Any Source of Water Supply- Washing or bathing within a radius of fifteen (15) meters of any well or any source of drinking water supply shall be unlawful.

SECTION 36. Sanitary Supervision of Water Supplies- The sanitary supervision of all public and private water supplies and their sources and surroundings shall be under the Health Officer.

SECTION 37. Periodical Examination of Water Supply- Water samples from all public pump wells and water system shall be examined bacteriologically as often as possible but in no case longer than every three (3) months and those that are found unfit for drinking purposes shall be declared as such as determined by the Health Officer and the public will be given notice through placards and announcements.

SECTION 38. Sinking, Drilling and Sanitary Protection of Pump Wells- No pump wells for drinking shall be drilled or sunk within fifteen (15) meters from latrine and/or toilet barnyard and/or cesspool. All pump wells must be provided with sufficient drainage so as to completely draw away excess water.

SECTION 39. Water in Public House- All hotels, resorts, restaurants, bakery, sari-sari store, boarding houses, food stands, parlor and other public eating and drinking establishments shall only use water, whether for drinking purposes and for the preparation of food, either taken from the existing water works system faucets or from other water sources that have previously been approved by the Health Officer. All containers used for waters shall be at all times be maintained in a good sanitary condition. Direct dumping from waterworks system is strictly prohibited.

SECTION 40. Buying and Selling of Potable Water- No person or persons shall be allowed to engage in the business of buying or selling potable water or elsewhere without first securing the necessary permit and Health Certificate from the Health Officer. The equipment used shall be cleared to be sanitary by the Health Officer and to be examined as often as necessary to be determined by the Health Officer in addition to the requirements from the Provincial and Regional Health Office.

CHAPTER V SIDEWALK AMBULANT AND ALLIED ACTIVITIES

SECTION 41. All sidewalk vendors, shall be required prior to vending to:

- a. Register with the Office of the Municipal Treasurer indicating his/her Personal Data.
- b. Secure a sidewalk vendor identification card.
- c. Wear at all times said sidewalk vendor ID card prominently displayed in his/her shirt while selling, vending and/or while tending the products to be sold at the prescribed time and place.
- d. Be responsible in maintaining the cleanliness of the premises where he/she is vending and selling.
- e. Provide his/her vending premises with a waste can or wastebasket where he/she shall place his/her garbage or trash and dispose of the same after vending hours.

SECTION 42. The side walk vendor ID card shall be prescribed by the Municipal Treasurer's Office. For this purpose, the side walk vendor's personal data, especially his/her name and classification or products being sold, shall be printed in big bold letters approximately one-half (1/2) inch in height, as follows:

- a. His full name and complete address
- b. The place where he is allowed to sell or vend his products
- c. The classification of the products he is authorized to sell, such as:
 1. Agricultural products
 2. Cooked foods and beverage
 3. Dry goods and other article
 4. The vendor's recent bust size photo
 5. The prescribed place and time of vending
 6. The vendor's signatures of the Treasurer and the Provincial Governor

SECTION 43. The Municipal Treasurer shall be authorized to issue the sidewalk vendor ID card. The ID card issued under this Code shall be renewable annually on or before the last working day of March. The ID card shall be non-transferable.

SECTION 44. Any sidewalk vendor without the required sidewalk vendor ID card shall be strictly prohibited from selling or vending in the municipality. Sidewalk vendors selling food, whether cooked or raw, shall also secure a Health Certificate from the Municipal Health Officer renewable annually.

SECTION 45. All sidewalk vendors shall be allowed to only use handy containers for their products for sale such as "bilao/nigo" (winnow), water pail, sacks, small hand carried tables, baskets, bags and the like. All types of stalls, store-type structural platforms and permanent structures of any kind, unless they are foldable, shall be prohibited.

SECTION 46. Any side walk vendor using and/or utilizing any stall, store type structural platform and/or permanent structure of any kind prior to the enactment of this Code shall be given fifteen (15) days from the approval hereof within which to dismantle the same. If after the prescribed fifteen (15) days period the sidewalk vendor has not yet dismantled the structure, the Municipal Government thru its authorized representative shall dismantle the same at the expense of the sidewalk vendor concerned for the cost of services rendered thereto.

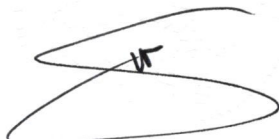
CHAPTER VI SEWAGE AND EXCRETA DISPOSAL

SECTION 47. Sanitary Toilet Required in Every House or Building- Every house and building used for habitation shall be provided with a sanitary toilet of the type approved by the Health Officer.

SECTION 48. Toilet Accommodation- Every building constructed, whether public or private, intended to be used as dwelling quarters, or where persons are to be employed or occupied in any trade or business, or a place of assembly, shall be provided with sufficient and suitable toilet facilities in accordance with the number of people dwelling, or may be employed, occupied, or assembled, therein, in all public buildings, theaters, factories, churches and other houses used as places of assembly where persons of both sexes are employed, occupied, or assembled, sufficient, suitable and separate toilet facilities shall be provided for each sex in the type approved by the Health Officer and which shall not be less than one seat for every fifty (50) women and one seat and one urinal for every fifty (50) men, and each for every fraction thereof, to be calculated on the maximum capacity of the establishment, building or place of assembly. It shall be unlawful for any owner, lessor, administrator, or agent of a building to allow any provided with toilet facilities as stated.

SECTION 49. Toilet Structural Requirements-

- a. No toilet room shall have a floor area that is less than one and one- half (1½) square meters and a height of not less than two and one- half (2½) meters.
- b. Lighting and ventilation- all toilet rooms shall have sufficient lighting and ventilation, either natural or artificial, satisfactory to the Health Officer.


c. Type of toilet- the following types or toilet may be used:

1. For expensive buildings, a water sealed toilet and carriage system connected to a septic tank.
2. For houses of light materials, a sanitary pit with water seals.

SECTION 50. Sanitary Maintenance- All toilet shall be kept clean and in good condition and no waste water shall be permitted to be exposed to flies, insects, rodents and/or other animals.

SECTION 51. Public Toilets- All government toilets intended for public use shall be under the control and supervision of the Health Officer and the municipality shall provide sufficient number of personnel and funds for the proper upkeep of the same.

SECTION 52. Drainage of Premises and Yards- It shall be the duty of any owner, administrator or agent of any building, place of business or premises to provide the yard of the said building, or premises, or place of business with adequate drainage leading to suitable gutter, or sub-surface drainage and causing no nuisance to neighborhood or public.

CHAPTER VII ANTI-LITTERING, GARBAGE, RUBBISH AND STREET CLEANING

SECTION 53. No person or persons, whether carelessly or intentionally, shall scatter about, throw, place or deposit, allow to fall, or to flow into, or escape, or cause to be scattered about, thrown, places or deposited, or caused to fall into, or to escape to any garbage, waste paper, scrap or rubbish cigarette butt, paper/plastic wrapping or bag, obnoxious matter, dung, carrion/dead animal, manure and other similar waste materials, or any filthy, putrid, or offensive substance, or the contents of any vault or cesspool, nor shall urinate or defecate in municipal streets, alleys and sidewalks, barangay multi-purpose buildings, barangay basketball courts and multi-purpose pavements, school buildings, stages and school compounds, sports and athletic grounds and grandstands, parks, plazas, public or private market and their premises and other similar public places, or on rivers, river banks, esteros, ditch or canals, streams or similar public or private properties, within the territorial limits of the Municipality of Carmen, Surigao del Sur.

SECTION 54. Every house owner, lessee, owner of store, business or commercial establishment and administrator of schools and churches, shall be required to place or dispose waste matters and rubbish into tidy, disposable reusable plastic bags and other containers and deposit them only in sealed and covered garbage receptacles and trash bin designated as: "Nabubulok," "Di-Nabubulok," "Bote/Plastic" and "Hazardous Waste" so that its contents will not spill or scatter about its putrid or obnoxious odor prevented from escaping, which shall be provided for the purpose by the said house owner, lessee, administrator, or owner of store, school and churches and the said garbage receptacles shall be kept by them inside their respective premises and shall be taken out only at such time in accordance with the rules and regulations on garbage collection.

SECTION 55. In place where there is no garbage collection by the municipality, the persons and establishments mentioned in the preceding section hereof shall dispose of the garbage either by properly incinerating or burying the same in their respective lots. Every household (for Barangays Poblacion to Hinapoyan) shall provide compost pit for "Nabubulok."

SECTION 56. No owner, lessee or occupant of vacant lots shall dump, or permit to be dumped, or thrown any garbage, rubbish or junk therein (vacant lots) unless a permit is issued upon recommendation by the Sanitary Inspector and Municipal Health Officer.

SECTION 57. It shall be the duty of residents, transients or occupants of buildings and lots, or if not occupied the owners thereof, to:

- a. Actively participate in all efforts of the government and the people to make the Municipality of Carmen clean, healthful and sanitary.



- b. Be responsible for the cleanliness and sanitation within the premises of such properties.
- c. Be responsible and answerable for the garbage and rubbish that are dumped on the sidewalk, public passage, street, stream or river adjoining their property.

CHAPTER VIII
HOTELS, LODGING HOUSES, BOARDING HOUSES, TENEMENT HOUSES,
APARTMENTS, HOMESTAY AND FOOD ESTABLISHMENTS

SECTION 58. Sanitary Permit- No hotel, lodging houses, boarding houses or tenement houses, restaurants, carinderia, bakery, sari-sari store and other food establishments shall operate without first obtaining a sanitary permit from the Health Officer. In cases of hotels, lodging and boarding houses, sanitary permit shall specify the maximum number of persons permitted to dwell therein and shall be displayed at a conspicuous place on the said premises.

SECTION 59. Water Supply of Hotels, Lodging Houses, Boarding Houses, Tenement Houses, Apartments, Homestay and Food Establishments-

- a. Water supply of hotels, boarding houses, or tenement houses, apartments, homestay, bakery, restaurants, carinderia and sari-sari stores for drinking and culinary purposes shall be adequate, sanitary quality, and approved by the Health Officer.
- b. Wells or spring used as sources of water supply shall be so located and constructed to preclude their pollution by seepage from cesspools, toilets, sewers, stables, or any surface drainage. The water from such sources shall be obtained by free gravity flow or by approved pump designed and constructed for the delivery of safe and sanitary quality of water.
- c. No common drinking water cups shall be allowed. All drinking fountain or of similar kind, when provided, shall be of sanitary design and construction approved by the Health Officer.
- d. All existing wells, private and public, not to be used unless properly covered, maintained and approved by the Health Officer.

SECTION 60. Protection of Food Supplies in Hotels, Lodging Houses, Boarding Houses, Tenement Houses and Food Establishments- In all hotels, lodging houses, boarding houses, tenement houses, restaurants, carinderia, bakery, sari-sari store and all other establishment where food is being offered to the public, its lessees, transients, or occupants, adequate provisions shall be made for sanitary storage, handling and protection of said food supply.

SECTION 61. Dishwashing in Hotels, Lodging Houses, Boarding Houses, Tenement Houses, Apartments, Homestay and Food Establishments - Adequate facilities, including a plentiful supply of hot water for washing dishes and utensils shall be provided. Dishes and utensils shall be washed, cleaned and disinfected or sanitized effectively after each use.

SECTION 62. Sanitary Maintenance- Sanitary maintenance in hotels, boarding houses, lodging houses or tenement houses, apartments, homestay, restaurants, carinderia, bakery, sari-sari stores and other food establishments, shall be kept clean and washes offensive or injuries to health shall be effectively removed every day or as regularly as positive.

SECTION 63. Prohibition on Animals - Dogs, cats and others pets shall not be kept in hotels, lodging houses and tenement houses, restaurants, carinderia, bakery and other food establishments, except in appropriate kennels placed away and separate from the occupants living and eating quarters. Registration of Dogs shall in accordance with Section 5 of Municipal Ordinance No. 24, Series of 2025 which states as follows:



SECTION 5. Registration and Licensing - it is required that all dogs, cats and other animals which could be carries of rabies virus shall be registered in the Municipal Agriculture Office of the Local Government Unit of Carmen, Surigao del Sur. Owners of animals shall be issued a license and or/animal tag, leash and chain for each animal registered. Upon registration of animal possessions, the series process of vaccination immediately follows. A pet tag shall be assigned to every domesticated pet that bears its respective serial number to serve as its corresponding identification of their health and record vaccination.

SECTION 64. Communicable Diseases-

- a. No person known to be affected with any communicable diseases shall be employed in any hotel, lodging houses, boarding houses or tenement houses, homestay, in any capacity, or admitted thereto unless properly isolated.
- b. When no physician is in attendance, it shall be the duty of the person- in-charge of any hotel, lodging houses, boarding houses, or tenement houses, or any other person to report immediately to the Health Officer the name and address of any individual in such establishment known to have or suspected of having any communicable diseases until official's action has been taken on such case. Strict isolation shall be maintained. The person- in-charge shall not allow the afflicted person to leave or removed without the permission of the Health Officer.
- c. Whenever there shall occur in any hotel, lodging house, boarding house, homestay and/or tenement house an outbreak of suspected food poisoning or an unusual prevalence of any illness in which fever diarrhea, sore throat, vomiting, skin eruptions or jaundice is the prominent symptom, it shall be the duty of the person- in- charge of such establishment to report immediately the existence of such outbreak or unusual prevalence of illness to the Health Officer in person, by telephone or by any other means of communication.

**CHAPTER IX
SANITARY PERMITS AND HEALTH CERTIFICATES**

SECTION 65. The proprietor, manager, in-charge and/or entrepreneurs of the business establishments or traders enumerated in the succeeding section operating within the jurisdiction of the Municipality of Carmen, Surigao del Sur shall be required to have Sanitary Permit from the Health Officer every Calendar Year, renewable within the first fifteen (15) days of every succeeding year. Issuance of the Sanitary Permit shall be determined by the Health Officer depending upon local conditions and such rules and regulations necessary for the establishment or Trade concerned. The Sanitary Permit shall be as follows:



Republic of the Philippines
Province of Surigao del Sur
MUNICIPALITY OF CARMEN

MUNICIPAL HEALTH OFFICE
SANITARY PERMIT TO OPERATE

ISSUED TO: _____
(Registered Name)

(Type of Establishment)

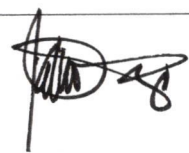
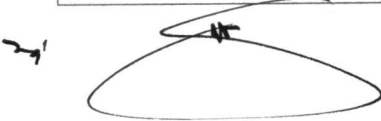
ADDRESS: _____
Sanitary Permit No.: _____ Date Issued: _____
Date of Expiration: _____

This permit is not transferrable and will be revoked for violation of the Sanitary Rules, Laws, or Regulation of P.D. 856 and pertinent Local Ordinances.

Recommending Approval:

Rural Sanitary Inspector

Municipal Health Officer



SECTION 66. Business Establishments Required to Secure Sanitary Permit- The business establishments and/or trades required to have or to secure a sanitary permit and whose corresponding fees are to be paid to the Municipal Treasurer shall be but not limited to the following:

- | | |
|------------------------------|---|
| 1. Hotels | 20. Hardware and auto spare parts store |
| 2. lodging houses | 21. Dry cleaning or laundry shop |
| 3. inns | 22. Shoemakers and repairs |
| 4. health resorts | 23. Furniture shops or stores |
| 5. bathing resorts or places | 24. Funeral parlors |
| 6. bars or snack bars | 25. Tailoring and dress shops |
| 7. restaurants | 26. Beauty parlors |
| 8. bakery | 27. Barber shops |
| 9. sari-sari stores | 28. Pawnshops |
| 10. lunch counters | 29. Sari-sari stores |
| 11. cafeteria | 30. Pool or billiard halls |
| 12. carinderias | 31. Any kind of land, sea or air transportation company |
| 13. meat stalls fish stalls | 32. Copra or hemp dealers |
| 14. vegetable stalls | 33. Corn and/ or rice dealers |
| 15. fruit stalls | 34. Motorcycle and/ or truck dealer or repair shop |
| 16. refreshments parlors | 35. Gasoline stations |
| 17. groceries | 36. cockpits |
| 18. drug stores | 37. All peddlers |
| 19. dry good stores | |
38. All other stores, counters, stalls, establishment and/or trade not specified above

SECTION 67. The following shall be required to secure from the Health Officer a Health Certificate every year renewable within fifteen days of every year; Proprietors and/or managers and/or in-charge and/or entrepreneurs of business establishments and/or trade with sanitary permit issued by the Municipal Health Officer, meat or fish vendor, all peddler's or sellers of cooked and uncooked foods, medicines, drugs, toys, kitchen utensils or refreshments, professional chauffeurs, trucks, buses, automobiles or pick up conductors, cooks, attendants and all kinds of helpers and employees of any establishment and/or trade where any kind of food, fruit and vegetables, meat, drink, refreshment, medicine and drug is being manufactured, canned, cooked, repacked, dispensed or mixed, sold or served, all attendants, helpers and employees in all establishments and or trades mentioned in Section 66 of this Ordinance shall also be required to secure the prescribed Health Certificate.

SECTION 68. Issuance of Health Certificate-

- a. The Health Officer shall issue the Health Certificate required in this Code after the examination of the person to whom the certificate shall be issued who shall not be sick with any contagious, communicable or venereal disease and the Health Officer shall annotate in the Health Certificate after each subsequent periodical health check- up the true health of the said person, provided that those found positive for communicable or venereal disease shall be prohibited from working and his/her Health Certificate shall be revoke until such time that the said contagious, communicable or venereal disease shall have been cured and disappeared as certified by the Health Officer or assistant.
- b. The Health Certificate shall bear the photograph of the person to whom the certificate is issued; and both the certificate and the photograph shall bear the imprint of the dry seal of the Municipality of Carmen, Surigao del Sur, provided, that such photograph was taken not earlier than one (1) month before the date of issue of said certificate and shall also serve as identification card of the employee and shall be pinned prominently to public view on the dress, blouse, shirt or uniform of the employee during his/her hours of service.



Sample Form of the Health Certificate

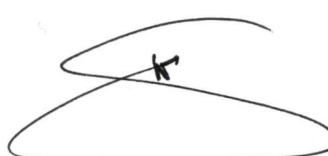
 Republic of the Philippines Province of Surigao del Sur	
Reg. No. _____	
Municipality of Carmen OFFICE OF THE MUNICIPAL HEALTH OFFICER	
HEALTH CERTIFICATE	
Pursuant to the provisions of P.D. 522, P.D. 856 and Municipal Ordinance No. _____, Series of _____, this Certificate is issued for:	
NAME: _____	
OCCUPATION: _____	
AGE: _____ SEX: _____ NATIONALITY: _____	
PLACE OF WORK: _____	
PHOTO	_____ Signature
	_____ Sanitation Inspector
	_____ Municipal Health Officer

SECTION 69. Sanitary Permit- It shall be unlawful for any person to operate a restaurant, carinderia, bakery, sari-sari store and other food stalls in the municipality who does not possess a valid Sanitary Permit from the Health Officer. Such permit or Sanitary Clearance shall be posted in conspicuous place. No. Sanitary Permit shall be issued without complying with requirements of this Code. A person conducting an itinerant restaurant shall also be required to secure a Sanitary Permit. Such Permit shall be revoked or temporarily suspended upon orders of the Health Officer at any time upon violation by the holder of all the terms of this Sanitary Code.

SECTION 70. Examination and Condemnation of Unwholesome or Adulterated Food or Drink- Samples of food and drinks and other substances may be taken from any establishment encompassed by this Code and examined by the Health Officer as often as may be necessary for the detection of unwholesomeness or adulteration. The Health Officer shall condemn and forbid the sale of, or cause to be removed or destroyed, any food or drink which shall be found unwholesome or adulterated.

SECTION 71. Inspection of Restaurants/Carinderias/ Food Stalls- The Health Officer or Sanitary Inspector shall inspect every restaurant, carinderias and/ or food stalls as often as necessary. In case the Health Officer or his/ her authorized representative discover a violation of any item, he/ she shall make a second inspection after the lapse of such time as he/she deems necessary for the defect to be remedied, and the second inspection shall be used in determining compliance with the requirements of this Ordinance. Any violation of the same item of this Ordinance, on such second inspection shall call for immediate degrading, or suspension of permit, one copy of the inspection shall be posted by the Health Officer upon an inside wall of the restaurant, carinderias and/ or food stalls and said inspection report shall not be defaced or removed by any person except the Health Officer. Another copy of the inspection report shall be filed in the records of the Health Officer. The person operating the restaurant shall upon request of the Health Officer Permit access to all parts of the establishment and shall permit copying any or all of food purchased.

SECTION 72. Disease Control- No person who is affected with any communicable disease, or is a carrier of such disease, shall work in any restaurant, carinderia and/ or food stall or employ any person suspected of having any disease in a communicable form or of being a carrier of such disease


1. The first section of the report discusses the background of the project and the objectives of the study.

2. The second section describes the methodology used in the study, including the data collection and analysis techniques.

3. The third section presents the results of the study, which show a significant correlation between the variables.

4. The fourth section discusses the implications of the findings and provides recommendations for future research.

5. The fifth section concludes the report and summarizes the key findings.

6. The sixth section provides a list of references and sources used in the study.

7. The seventh section contains the appendix, which includes additional data and figures.

8. The eighth section provides a list of abbreviations and acronyms used throughout the report.

9. The ninth section contains the glossary, which defines the key terms used in the study.

10. The tenth section provides a list of acknowledgments and thanks to those who assisted in the study.

11. The eleventh section contains the index, which lists the page numbers for each section of the report.

12. The twelfth section provides a list of footnotes and endnotes.

13. The thirteenth section contains the bibliography, which lists the sources used in the study.

14. The fourteenth section provides a list of appendices and supplementary materials.

15. The fifteenth section contains the list of figures and tables.

16. The sixteenth section provides a list of references and sources used in the study.

17. The seventeenth section contains the appendix, which includes additional data and figures.

18. The eighteenth section provides a list of abbreviations and acronyms used throughout the report.

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22. The twenty-second section provides a list of footnotes and endnotes.

23. The twenty-third section contains the bibliography, which lists the sources used in the study.

24. The twenty-fourth section provides a list of appendices and supplementary materials.

25. The twenty-fifth section contains the list of figures and tables.

26. The twenty-sixth section provides a list of references and sources used in the study.

27. The twenty-seventh section contains the appendix, which includes additional data and figures.

28. The twenty-eighth section provides a list of abbreviations and acronyms used throughout the report.

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33. The thirty-third section contains the bibliography, which lists the sources used in the study.

34. The thirty-fourth section provides a list of appendices and supplementary materials.

35. The thirty-fifth section contains the list of figures and tables.

if the restaurant owner, manager or administrator suspects that any of his/her employees has contracted any disease in communicable form, or has become a carrier of such disease, he/she shall notify the Health Officer immediately. When the opinion of the Health Officer, there exists the possibility of transmission or infection of communicable diseases in any restaurant, the Health Officer shall be authorized to make any or all of the following measures:

1. Immediate exclusion of the concerned employee from the restaurant, carinderia and/ or food stall.
2. Immediate closing of the restaurant, carinderia and/ or food stall concerned until no further danger or disease outbreak exist in the opinion of the Health Officer.
3. Immediate and adequate medical examination of the employee and his/her associates.

CHAPTER X PUBLIC MARKET AND SLAUGHTERHOUSE

SECTION 73. Water Supply- Market and slaughterhouse shall be provided with ample supply of sanitary water sufficient for the cleaning of its premises and the operation of the establishment.

SECTION 74. Prohibition in the Partition and Shed in the Public Market- No partition and shed or both shall be permitted within the market compound or area except with the previous approval of the Health Officer.

SECTION 75. Prohibition in Living or Sleeping in the Public Market- No person shall dwell, live or sleep in public market nor provide space, place or equipment for living or sleeping. All fire hazards shall not exist in any form or manner in the public market as determined by the Health Officer or the fire department.

SECTION 76. Care of Stalls- Stalls and tables used for the sale or exposure of foodstuff shall not be used for sitting or lying upon and no container, basket or any other object no longer used for the sale shall be allowed to accumulate or to be within the market. Likewise, all tables shall be provided with refuse receptacles of the type approved by the Health Officer.

SECTION 77. Sectioning- Market shall be divided into sections or zones for the purpose of grouping together the same or similar foodstuff or articles in one section and no food or article shall be allowed to be sold or exposed in any other section except the one assigned to it; except in cases of emergency and as a matter of temporary measure, provided with the prior approval of the Health Officer and concurrence of the Treasurer, food and other articles may be sold in a designated section.

SECTION 78. Public Market and Slaughterhouse- All animals for public consumption (commercial and private occasion where food is served) shall be slaughtered at the Municipal Slaughterhouse.

SECTION 79. Sanitary Disposal of Abattoir Wastes- The person- in- charge of the slaughterhouse shall be responsible for the sanitary disposal of all waste incidental to its operation in a manner satisfactory to the Health Officer.

SECTION 80. Slaughtering and Dressing of Livestock- No animal intended for public consumption shall be killed unless previously observed, examined and found to be in a healthy condition by the competent Livestock Inspector/ veterinarian appointed. The killing of such animals shall be done in a humane manner and at least two (2) hours before the meat is offered for sale. The dressing, transportation and other handling shall be done only in a manner approved by the Health Officer.

SECTION 81. Sale of Fresh Foods- Unless otherwise authorized by the Health Officer, no fresh meat, fresh fish, fresh milk or other fresh that easily decay or contaminated shall be sold and shall be protected from flies, dust and other contaminating agents.



SECTION 82. Foods in State of Decomposition- It shall be unlawful for any person to sell or offer for sale in market or elsewhere any food:

- a. That is already in the state of decomposition, or that is contaminated or was adulterated, or that, has been forbidden for human consumption by the Health Officer or by the police authorities upon the request of the former.
- b. The so- called hot meat, or otherwise called "double dead" of the meat of an animal which has died of causes other than the procedure used approved at the slaughterhouse.

SECTION 83. Transportation of Meat- No meat and/or meat products shall be transported from the slaughterhouse to the public market or to any establishment where meat and/or meat is sold without the necessary health and quarantine requirements. For this purpose, all persons dealing with and handling this meat and/or meat products shall be required to secure Health Certificate from the Health Officer. All vehicles used in the transport of the meat and/or meat products shall be well-maintained and always in sanitary and safe condition.

CHAPTER XI BARBER SHOPS AND BAUTY PARLORS.

SECTION 84. Establishments Included- Included under this chapter are barber shops, hair dressing establishments, manicuring or parlor shops, whether or not free of charge or hire.

SECTION 85. Sanitary Permit Required- No person or entity shall establish or operate any barbershop, hairdressing, manicuring or parlor establishment without obtaining a sanitary permit from the Health Officer.

SECTION 86. Sanitary Maintenance- Any person- in- charge of any such establishment shall maintain the same in a clean and sanitary state at all times.

SECTION 87. Health Certificate- No person shall be employed in any capacity in such establishment without possessing a valid Health Certificate issued by the Health Officer.

SECTION 88. Sanitary Service to Customer-

- a. Washing hands- The hands of the operator shall be washed with soap and water or with 70% rubbing alcohol before serving each customer.
- b. Hair brushes and combs- Hair brushes, combs, scissors, blades and all other equipment or tools used in the business shall be kept clean at all times and sanitize after each use.
- c. Shaving rugs, brushes and finger bowls- Shaving rugs, towels, brushes, finger bowl and the like equipment shall be thoroughly rinsed with hot water or sanitize after each use.
- d. Separate clean towel for each customer- The hand resters shall be covered with a clean towel or tissue paper for each customer.
- e. Customer with skin eruptions- After handling a customer affected with eruptions or swelling containing puss, the hand of the attendants shall be disinfected immediately by thoroughly washing them with soap and water followed by rinsing alcohol (70%), (80%) or by the use of some equally effective disinfectant. The instruments used in the customer shall be made safe immediately after each use by washing soap and water and dipping for one minute in a ten percent (10%) commercial formalin or dipping for three (3) minutes in alcohol (70%), (80%) or by the use of equally effective disinfectant. No cup or brush which has been used for shaving of a customer effected with any infectious skin disease shall be used for shaving of customers unless the cup shall have been emptied and cleaned with boiling water and with fresh soap and the brushes shall likewise first be sterilized by immersion in equally effective disinfectant.



SECTION 2. The Board of Directors of the Corporation shall have the right to make and alter the bylaws of the Corporation, subject to the approval of the stockholders.

SECTION 3. The Board of Directors shall have the right to elect and remove the officers and directors of the Corporation, and to fill any vacancies that may occur.

ARTICLE II OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS

SECTION 4. The Board of Directors shall consist of not less than three (3) members, and the number of members shall be fixed by the Board.

SECTION 5. The Board of Directors shall elect one or more officers, and may also elect one or more directors, and may also elect one or more committees.

SECTION 6. The Board of Directors shall have the right to elect and remove the officers and directors of the Corporation, and to fill any vacancies that may occur.

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SECTION 15. The Board of Directors shall have the right to elect and remove the officers and directors of the Corporation, and to fill any vacancies that may occur.

- f. Prohibition on the use of the powder puff or sponge- No powder puff or sponge shall be used in any such manner to a customer.
- g. Smoking or eating- No operation or attendant shall be allowed to smoke or eat while serving a customer.

CHAPTER XII PIGPENS AND POULTRY HOUSES

SECTION 89. It is prohibited for any person or person to construct or put- up poultry house or domestic pigpen or rear to care for any pig, or livestock in barangays of the municipality within a distance of ten (10) meters from any neighbor or residential dwelling or along street of same distance where people pass by. However, if the pigpen is for breeding purposes or for commercial value, (but not to exceed 2 pigs) then the distance should not be less than 20 meters (for commercial) from waterways.

SECTION 90. Pighpens and poultry houses constructed outside the limit specified in the foregoing sections must always be kept clean and sanitary by burying all waste matter to get rid of the obnoxious odor and to avoid breeding places for flies/mosquitoes.

CHAPTER XIII PLACES OF PUBLIC ASSEMBLY AND AMUSEMENTS

SECTION 91. Permit and Sanitary Clearance Necessary- No cockpit, billiard hall, resort, recreation hall shall operate without the necessary permit and sanitary clearance issued by the Health Officer.

SECTION 92. Sanitary Facilities Required- All buildings and premises intended for public amusement or assembly shall be provided with adequate toilet facilities, separate for male and female, of the type approved by the Health Officer and which shall not be less than one (1) seat for every fifty (50) men/ women and each for fraction thereof to be calculated on the maximum capacity of the establishment.

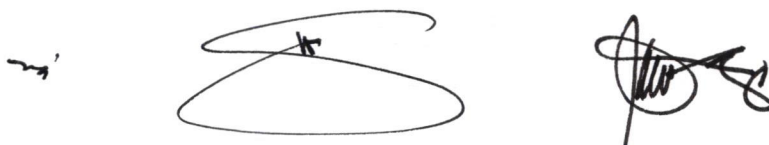
CHAPTER XIV DISPOSAL OF DEAD PERSON

SECTION 93. Burial Grounds Requirements- The following requirements shall be applied and enforced:

- a. It shall be unlawful for any person to bury remains in places other than those legally authorized in conformity with the provisions of this chapter except when permit from authorities is complied with in accordance with exciting laws.
- b. A burial ground shall at least be twenty- five (25) meters distant from any dwelling house and no house shall be constructed within the same distance from any burial ground.
- c. No burial ground shall be located within thirty (30) meters from either side of a river or within fifty (50) meters from any sources of the water supply.

SECTION 94. Burial Requirements- The burial of remains is subject to the following requirements:

- a. No remains shall be buried without a Death Certificate. This Certificate shall be issued by the attending physician. If there has been no physician in attendance, it shall be issued by the Municipal Mayor, where the death occurred. The Death Certificate shall be forwarded to the Local Civil Registrar within forty-eight (48) hours after death.



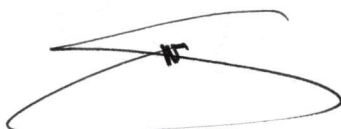
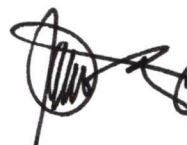
- b. Shipment of remains abroad shall be governed by the rules and regulations of the Bureau of Quarantine.
- c. Graves where remains are buried shall be at least one and one-half (1½) meters deep and filed well firmly.
- d. The cost of burial of a dead person shall be borne by the nearest kin. If the nearest kin is not financially capable of defraying the expenses or if the deceased had no kin, the cost shall be borne by the Municipal Government.
- e. If the person who issues a Death Certificate has reasons to believe or suspect that the cause of death was due to violence or crime, he/ she shall notify immediately the local authorities concerned. In this case the deceased shall not be buried until a permission is obtained from the Provincial and/ or Municipal Prosecutor. If these officials are not available the permission shall be obtained from any Government Official authorized by law.
- f. Except when required by Legal Investigation or when permitted by the Local Health Authority, no un-embalmed remains shall be unburied longer than forty-eight (48) hours after death.
- g. When the cause of death is a dangerous communicable disease, the remain shall be buried within twelve (12) hours after death. They shall not be taken to any place of public assembly. Only the adult members of the family of the deceased may be permitted to attend the funeral.

SECTION 95. Disinterment Requirements- Disinterment of remains is subject to the following requirements:

- a. Permission to disinter remains of persons who died of non- dangerous communicable disease may be granted after a burial period of three (3) years.
- b. Permission to disinter remains of persons who died of dangerous communicable disease may be granted after a burial period of five (5) years.
- c. Disinterment of remains covered in paragraphs "a" and "b" of this section may be permitted within a shorter time than that prescribed in special cases, subject to the approval of the Department of Health or his/ her duly authorized representative.
- d. In all cases of disinterment, the remains shall be disinfected and placed in a durable and sealed container prior to their final disposal.

SECTION 96. Funeral and Embalming Establishments- These establishments are subject to the following requirements:

- a. Scope of Inclusion- For the purpose of this section, requirements prescribed herein shall be applied and enforced to funeral chapels, embalming establishments and morgues.
- b. Sanitary permit- No establishment mentioned in the preceding paragraph shall be operated without a sanitary permit issued by the Department of Health or his duly authorized representative. This permit shall be revoked in case of any violation of this chapter and the Implementing Rules and Regulations promulgated.
- c. Classification- Funeral establishments shall be classified in three (3) categories which are described as follows:
 - 1. Category I- Establishments with chapel and embalming facilities and offering funeral services.

2. Category II- Establishments with chapel and offering funeral services but without embalming facilities.
 3. Category III- Establishments offering only funeral services from the house of the deceased to the burial ground.
- d. Sanitary requirements for Funeral Chapels- The requirements prescribed for places of public assembly in this Code shall be applied. For embalming and dressing rooms the requirements are as follows:
1. They should be constructed of concrete or semi- concrete materials with sufficient space to accommodate five (5) bodies at one time.
 2. The floors and walls shall be made of concrete or other durable impervious materials.
 3. Ventilations and lighting should be adequately provided.
 4. Embalming shall be performed on a table made of a single marble slab or other equally impervious materials. It shall be so constructed that all washings and body fluids shall flow to drain connected to the waste piping system of septic tank.
 5. Embalming and assistants shall use rubber gloves when working.
 6. Washing facilities with soaps, detergents and germicidal solutions shall be provided for use of the working personnel.

SECTION 97. Licensing and Registration Procedures- The licensing and registration of undertakers and embalmers are subject to the following requirements:

- a. Issuance of license to practice-
 1. Any person who desires to practice undertaking or embalming shall be licensed to practice only after passing examination conducted by the Committee on Examiners for Undertakers and Embalmers (CEUE) which operates under the Department of Health.
 2. Licensed undertakers or embalmers shall practice undertaking or embalming in accordance with requirements prescribed by the Department of Health.
 3. Licensed undertakers or embalmers shall display their licenses conspicuously in the establishments where they work.
- b. Issuance of Certificate of Registration-
 1. An undertaker or embalmer shall apply annually for a Certificate of Registration.
 2. The first Certificate of Registration issued shall cover the period from the date of issuance to the last day of the current year. Subsequent certificate shall end on the 31st of December of the year.
 3. Certificate of Registration shall be posed conspicuously in establishments concerned.
- c. Exemption- Government and private physicians may perform embalming without license and Certificate of Registration as exigencies require.



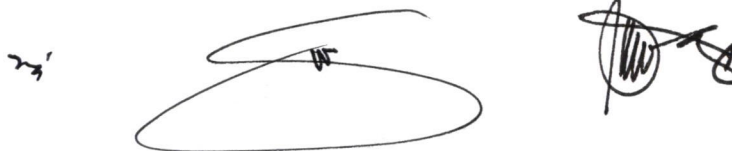
SECTION 98. Autopsy and Dissection of Remains- The autopsy and dissection of remains are subject to the following requirements:

- a. Person authorized to perform these are:
 1. Health Officers: Medical Officers of law enforcement agencies
 2. Members of the medical staff of accredited hospitals.
- b. Autopsies shall be performed in the following cases.
 1. Whenever required by special laws.
 2. Upon orders of a competent court, a mayor and a provincial or municipal prosecutor.
 3. Upon written request of police authorities.
 4. Whenever the Solicitor General, provincial or municipal prosecutor as authorized by existing laws, shall deem it necessary to disinter and take examination to determine the cause of death.
 5. Whenever the nearest kin shall request in writing to the authorities concerned to ascertain the cause death.
- c. Autopsies may be performed on patients who die in accredited hospitals subject to the following requirements:
 1. The Director of the hospital shall notify the next of kin of the death of the deceased and request permission to perform an autopsy.
 2. Administer municipal cemeteries.
 3. Issue permits to inter, disinters or transfer remains.
 4. Apply prescribed measures when cause of death is due to a dangerous communicable disease.
 5. Keep records of death occurring within its area of jurisdiction.
 6. Authorize the delivery of unclaimed remains to medical schools and scientific institutions for purposes specified in this chapter and in rules and regulations of the department.

Chapter XV SCHOOL SANITATION AND HEALTH SERVICES

SECTION 99. The Physical Environment- In the design and construction of the school, the following factors shall be considered:

1. Site- Traffic hazards are to be avoided but not to the point of sacrificing accessibility to public transportation. It shall be distant from sources of nuisance.
2. Grounds- The acreage shall be large enough to permit playgrounds, athletic fields and school gardens.
3. Building- Preferably, it shall be constructed of strong and durable materials and designed along functional lines. For the prevention of fire hazards, the requirements of the local fire department shall be observed. Sufficient ventilation shall be provided. Wall and ceiling finishes should be chosen so as to give minimum glare. Artificial lighting with lowered fluorescent or incandescent fixtures shall be used to supply minimum lighting of twenty-five-foot (25) candles in the darkest corner. For flooring, suitable materials shall be used which will give maximum durability without creating a slippery face.



4. Sanitary facilities- The school population shall be provided with potable water sewage and waste disposal systems shall likewise conform to the requirements prescribed in this Code.

SECTION 100. The Emotional Environment- For the promotion of emotional health of the school population, the following requirements shall be observed:

1. Suitable location- The school site shall be located away from disturbances and places which give undesirable influence.
2. Recreational facilities- The school must have safe and attractive playgrounds and adequate facilities for suitable sports and games.
3. Rest Rooms- Facilities shall be provided where faculty members can rest and get short respite from teaching chores.

SECTION 101. Health Services- Trained personnel and adequate facilities should be available so that students may be afforded the following health services:

1. Periodic physical and medical examination
2. Periodic immunization
3. Medical and Dental Treatment
4. Treatment for common emergencies
5. Counseling and Guidance

SECTION 102. Requirements for Special Schools-

1. Cadavers shall be stored in morgues and dissected in the dissecting rooms, all of which shall be constructed and maintained in accordance with the standards prescribed by the Department of Health.
2. Poisonous and harmful plants and animals shall be kept in adequate and secured areas.
3. Viral and bacterial cultures shall be kept in laboratories under standard security laboratory measures.
4. Schools utilizing radioactive materials or sources for study or research should closely conform with the requirements and guidelines given by the Radiation Health Office and the Philippine Atomic Energy Commission concerning radiation protection.

Chapter XVI

PUBLIC SWIMMING OR BATHING PLACES AND RESORTS

SECTION 103. Sanitary Permit- No public swimming and bathing places shall be operated for public use without a sanitary permit issued by the Municipal Mayor or his duly authorized representative.

SECTION 104. Protection of Customers- To protect the health and safety of persons who patronize public swimming or bathing places, the following practices shall be observed:

1. There shall be appropriate sanitary practices for persons swimming or bathing to prevent the transmission of communicable diseases.
2. There shall be appropriate sanitary procedures for personnel working in those places to maintain their adequate sanitation and cleanliness of accessories used by customers.

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3. There shall be adequate number of trained personnel and necessary equipment needed for life-saving and rescue work.
4. There shall be signposts to warn the public of the presence of artificial or natural hazards.
5. There shall be standards and criteria concerning:
 - 5.1 Sanitary structural requisites for swimming pools or bath houses to prevent pollution of their waters and to facilitate sanitation maintenance.
 - 5.2 Sanitary structural standards for appurtenances such as toilets, shower baths and dressing rooms to eliminate the risk of infection.
 - 5.3 Methods of determining the sanitary quality of water particularly that which is used in swimming pools.
 - 5.4 Criteria to be used in the limitation of swimming or bathing capacity of swimming pools in accordance with the type of water treatment applied.

SECTION 105. Responsibilities of the Municipal Health Officer- The Municipal Health Officer shall:

1. Inspect the state of sanitation of public swimming and bathing places.
2. Ascertain if the personnel working in the place are examined regularly for the presence of any infectious or contagious disease.
3. Enforce rules and regulations under this chapter.
4. Recommend to the Municipal Mayor the revocation of their permits when it is deemed necessary for the protection of public health.

Chapter XVII PUBLIC LAUNDRY

SECTION 106. Sanitary Permit- No public laundry shall operate without a sanitary permit issued by the Municipal Health Officer or his duly authorized representative. As used in this chapter, a public laundry means an established institution operated for commercial purposes which is open to the public. It is different to person engaging service to exclusive clientele.

SECTION 107. General Requirements- The construction and operation of public laundry shall be governed by the following requirements:

1. Structural Requirements
 - a. The site shall be distant from the sources of nuisance.
 - b. Only durable construction materials shall be used.
 - c. Smooth and water-tight shall be used for flooring.
 - d. All work rooms shall be properly ventilated.
 - e. Adequate drying facilities shall be provided and articles for drying be protected from sources of contamination.
2. Sanitary Requirements.
 - a. Laundry supplies in both liquid and solid states shall be properly stored, prepared and handled. Containers of chemicals shall be properly labeled.
 - b. Employees shall be provided with potable drinking water, toilets, bathing and washing facilities.
 - c. Employees shall be provided with lockers for their working garments and street clothes.
 - d. The plant and its premises and equipment shall be maintained clean and sanitary at all times.



SECTION 108. Special Requirements- The following requirements shall be enforced:

1. All articles to be laundered coming from hospitals and infected sources shall be treated by exposure to a sufficient quantity of hot water, detergents or by other effective means of disinfection.
2. All linens, bed, clothes, pajamas, towels, bed sheets, pillow cases and the like that have come in contact with any form of radioactivity should be isolated in a certain area and monitored by radiation safety personnel before sending these articles for laundry. If any amount of radioactive contamination is found, the affected article should be set aside and the radioactivity allowed to completely decay before said article is sent for laundry.
3. All articles for delivery to the laundry shall be kept enclosed until the articles are removed from the laundry.
4. Laundry vehicles shall be kept clean and sanitary at all times.
5. A separate room shall be used solely for receiving, sorting, marking or handling unwashed articles.
6. Diapers must be protected from pathogenic organisms and from chemical substances which are irritating to the skin of the infant. Laundered diapers for delivery shall be packed in sealed sanitary containers.

Chapter XVIII

REST AREAS, BUS TERMINALS AND SERVICE STATIONS

SECTION 109. Rest areas, bus terminals and service station areas with one or more permanent sheds, building and service facilities for motor vehicles shall be provided with sanitary facilities for the convenience and personal necessities of the traveling public:

1. Rest areas, bus terminals and service stations shall be established with ample area to prevent overcrowding of motor vehicles and travelers.
2. Excreta and Sewage collection and disposal shall be provided.
3. Adequate number of comfort rooms shall be provided as well as auxiliary facilities.
4. Waiting sheds for commuters shall be of adequate size to accommodate a minimum of thirty (30) persons. Floors shall be of smooth concrete finish with adequate sitting facilities.

Chapter XIX

BAN ON SMOKING IN CERTAIN PUBLIC PLACES AND PUBLIC CONVEYANCES

SECTION 110. Smoking shall be banned in enclosed and/or air-conditioned restaurants, hotel, lobbies, assembly halls, government offices and buildings, school rooms and buildings and other public establishments, except in designated smoking areas to be properly identified as herein provided by the administrator, owner, operator or manager of said establishment.

SECTION 111. Smoking shall be banned in all public conveyances or means of transportation, such as buses, passenger jeepneys, tricycles and trisikads, wholly operating within the territorial jurisdiction of the Municipality of Carmen.

SECTION 112. All establishments covered herein and open to the general public and all government offices and buildings shall provide adequate smoking areas duly designated and identified with sufficient markings for public information for smoking purposes.



CHAPTER XX PENAL PROVISIONS

SECTION 113. Penalties-

1. Unless otherwise provided in any chapter or section of this code, any person who shall violate, disobey, refuse, omit or neglect to comply with any of the rules and regulations promulgated under this Code shall be guilty of misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by imprisonment for period not exceeding six (6) months or by a fine not exceeding two thousand five hundred (Php2,500.00) pesos or both depending upon the discretion of the court and/ or in accordance with PD No. 856 (Code on Sanitation of the Philippines) December 23, 1975.
2. Any person who shall interfere with or hinder, or oppose any officer, agent or member of the department /bureaus and offices under it, in the performance of his duty as such under this code, or shall tear down, mutilate, deface ore alter any placard, or notice affixed to the premises in the enforcement of the code, shall be guilty or a misdemeanor and punishable upon conviction by imprisonment for a period not exceeding six months (6) or by a fine of not exceeding Two Thousand Five Hundred (Php2,500.00) pesos or both depending on the discretion of the court and/ or in accordance with PD No. 856 December 23, 1975.

CHAPTER XXI FINAL PROVISIONS

SECTION 114. Separability Clause- If any provision or section of this Code, or part thereof is declared invalid, null and void, the other parts or provisions hereof which are not affected thereby shall continue to be in full force and effect.

SECTION 115. Repealing Clause- Existing ordinances or regulations of the Local Government of Carmen, Surigao del Sur that are inconsistent with the provisions of this ordinance are repealed, amended or modified accordingly.

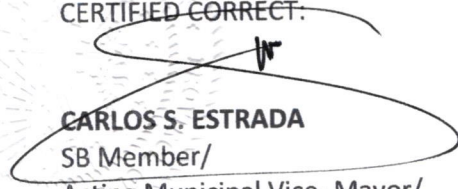
SECTION 116. Effectivity Clause- This Ordinance shall take effect immediately upon its approval.

ENACTED this 16th day of June 2026 at Carmen, Surigao del Sur.

I HEREBY ATTEST to the correctness of the foregoing Ordinance.


MA. JULINA T. BORDA-JUTILO, LLB., J.D.
Secretary to the Sangguniang Bayan

CERTIFIED CORRECT:


CARLOS S. ESTRADA
SB Member/
Acting Municipal Vice- Mayor/
Presiding Officer

APPROVED:


NESTOR S. VALEROSO
Municipal Mayor

6/22/2026



Republic of the Philippines
Province of Surigao del Sur
MUNICIPALITY OF CARMEN

TANGGAPAN NG SANGGUNIANG BAYAN

CERTIFICATE OF POSTING

In compliance to Section 59 of RA 7160, Article 113, IRR of ra 7160, the hereunder approved ordinance is hereby posted:

ORDINANCE NO. 66, SERIES OF 2026 entitled **"AN ORDINANCE ESTABLISHING THE HEALTH AND SANITATION CODE OF THE MUNICIPALITY OF CARMEN, SURIGAO DEL SUR"**

Date Enacted : June 16, 2026
Date Approved : June 22, 2026
Date Posted : June 22, 2026
Place Posted : Carmen Municipal Hall, Carmen, Surigao del Sur

MA. JULINA T. BORDA- JUTILO, LLB., J.D.
Secretary to the Sangguniang Bayan

Page 1

POSTED:
DATE: 6-22-2026
BY: **MA. JULINA B. JUTILO**
SB SECRETARY

Republic of the Philippines
Province of Surigao del Sur
MUNICIPALITY OF CARMEN
TANGGAPAN NG SANGGUNIANG BAYAN

EXCERPTS FROM THE MINUTES OF THE 46TH REGULAR SESSION OF THE 14TH SANGGUNIANG BAYAN OF CARMEN, SURIGAO DEL SUR HELD AT THE SB SESSION HALL, LEGISLATIVE BUILDING ON JUNE 16, 2026

PRESENT:

REGULAR SANGGUNIANG BAYAN MEMBERS:	
Hon. Carlos S. Estrada	SB Member/ Acting Municipal Vice-Mayor/ Presiding Officer
Hon. Harvey S. Mahawatao	SB Member
Hon. Tanie A. Quillano	SB Member
Hon. Nilo S. Bigno	SB Member
Hon. Daniel A. Tejoli	SB Member
Hon. Elvie U. Ohao	SB Member
Hon. Rencio P. Valcrosio	SB Member
EX-OFFICIO MEMBER:	
Hon. Blandena V. Sugtan	ABC President
ON OFFICIAL BUSINESS:	
Hon. Jane V. Plaza	Municipal Vice-Mayor
ON LEAVE:	
REGULAR SANGGUNIANG BAYAN MEMBER:	
Hon. Michael C. Escuyos	SB Member
EX-OFFICIO MEMBER:	
Hon. Jeff Anthony D. Beloria	SK Federation President

ORDINANCE NO. 66
Series of 2026

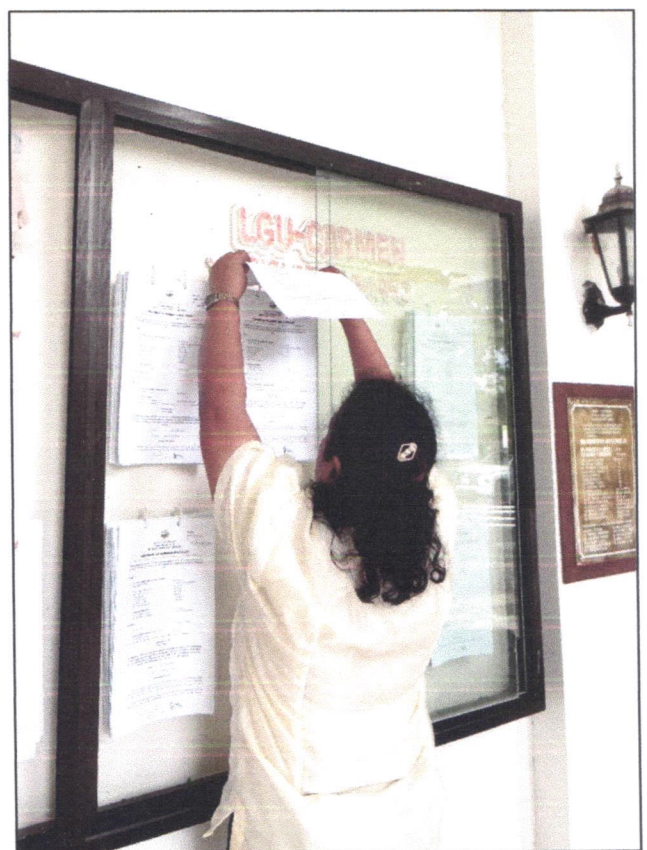
"AN ORDINANCE ESTABLISHING THE HEALTH AND SANITATION CODE OF THE MUNICIPALITY OF CARMEN, SURIGAO DEL SUR"

Author : Hon. Elvie U. Ohao
Enacted: All Members Present

EXPLANATORY NOTE

The health of the people is of paramount importance to this municipality, all efforts of public







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MA. JULINA T. BORDA- JUTILO, LLB., J.D.
Secretary to the Sangguniang Bayan

Page 11

POSTED:
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SB SECRETARY

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Province of Surigao del Sur
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TANGGAPAN NG SANGGUNIANG BAYAN

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MA. JULINA T. BORDA- JUTILO, LLB., J.D.
Secretary to the Sangguniang Bayan

Page 1

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Province of Surigao del Sur
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TANGGAPAN NG SANGGUNIAN BAYAN

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